

## MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Product Name SUMA CALC D5

## 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Supplier Name DIVERSEY AUSTRALIA PTY. LIMITED

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Synonym(s) ALL PACK SIZES

Use(s) SCALE REMOVER

**SDS Date** 08 Mar 2010

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### **CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO ASCC CRITERIA**

**RISK PHRASES** 

R34 Causes burns.

**SAFETY PHRASES** 

S1/2 Keep locked up and out of reach of children.

S26 In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice

S37/39 Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection.

S45 In case of accident or if you feel unwell seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible).

CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE

UN No. 1805 DG Class 8 Subsidiary Risk(s) None Allocated

Packing Group III Hazchem Code 2R EPG 8A1

## 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredient	Formula	CAS No.	Content
PHOSPHORIC ACID	H3-P-O4	7664-38-2	<35%
NON HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS	Not Available	Not Available	remainder

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush the eye continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to

stop by a Poisons Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.

Skin If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water.

Ingestion For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once). If swallowed,

do not induce vomiting.

Advice to Doctor Treat symptomatically

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First Aid Facilities Eye wash facilities should be available.

## 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammability Non flammable. May evolve toxic gases (phosphorus oxides) when heated to decomposition. Contact with most

metals may evolve flammable hydrogen gas.

**Fire and**Treat as per requirements for Surrounding Fires: Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing

Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Use waterfog to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas.

**Extinguishing** Prevent contamination of drains or waterways.

Hazchem Code 2R

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Spillage Contact emergency services where appropri

Contact emergency services where appropriate. Use personal protective equipment. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Ventilate area where possible. Contain spillage, then cover / absorb spill with sodium bicarbonate or 50 -50 mixture of sodium carbonate and calcium hydroxide. Collect for complete neutralisation and appropriate

disposal.

## 7. STORAGE AND HANDLING

Storage Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from alkalis, metals, nitromethane, sodium tetrahydroborate,

heat or ignition sources and foodstuffs. Ensure containers are adequately labelled, protected from physical

damage and sealed when not in use.

**Handling** Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin

contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating,

drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/ PERSONAL PROTECTION

**Exposure Stds** 

Ingredient	Reference	TWA		STEL	
		ppm	mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3
Phosphoric acid	ASCC (AUS)		1		3

Biological Limits No biological limit allocated.

**Engineering Controls** 

Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas. Where an inhalation risk exists, mechanical extraction ventilation is recommended. Maintain vapour levels below the recommended exposure standard.

PPE

Wear splash-proof goggles, a PVC apron, rubber boots, coveralls, full-length rubber or full-length PVC gloves and a faceshield. Where an inhalation risk exists, wear: a Type B (Inorganic gases and vapours) respirator. If spraying, wear: a Full-face Type B-Class P1 (Inorganic and Acid Gas and Particulate) or an Air-line respirator.













#### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

**Appearance** CLEAR COLOURLESS LIQUID Solubility (Water) SOLUBLE Odour SLIGHT ODOUR **Specific Gravity** 1.215 (Approximately) % Volatiles pН < 1.0 NOT AVAILABLE Vapour Pressure **NOT AVAILABLE Flammability** NON FLAMMABLE **Flash Point** NOT RELEVANT Vapour Density NOT AVAILABLE **NOT AVAILABLE** NOT RELEVANT **Boiling Point Upper Explosion Limit NOT AVAILABLE Lower Explosion Limit** NOT RELEVANT **Melting Point Evaporation Rate NOT AVAILABLE** 

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#### SUMA CALC D5 **Product Name**

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**Chemical Stability** Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

**Conditions to Avoid** Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

**Material to Avoid** Incompatible with alkalis (eg. hydroxides) and metals.

Decomposition May evolve toxic gases (phosphorus oxides) when heated to decomposition.

**Hazardous Reactions** Polymerization is not expected to occur.

#### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Health Hazard Summary** 

This product has the potential to cause serious adverse health effects. Use safe work practices to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Over exposure may result in severe skin, eye and respiratory burns with permanent

lung and tissue damage. Upon dilution, the potential for adverse health effects may be reduced.

Contact may result in irritation, lacrimation, pain, redness, conjunctivitis and corneal burns with possible Eye

permanent damage.

Inhalation Over exposure may result in irritation of the nose and throat, coughing and bronchitis. High level exposure may

result in ulceration of the respiratory tract, lung tissue damage, chemical pneumonitis and pulmonary oedema.

Effects may be delayed.

Contact may result in irritation, redness, pain, rash, dermatitis and possible burns. Prolonged or repeated contact Skin

may result in ulceration.

Ingestion may result in burns to the mouth and throat, nausea, vomiting, ulceration of the gastrointestinal tract, Ingestion

oedema, rapid pulse, shock, unconsciousness, convulsions and death.

**Toxicity Data** PHOSPHORIC ACID (7664-38-2)

LD50 (Ingestion): 1530 mg/kg (rat) LD50 (Skin): 2740 mg/kg (rabbit)

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Environment** 

Phosphoric acid is hazardous to aquatic life at high concentrations. While acidity may be reduced by natural water minerals, the phosphate may persist indefinitely. When spilled onto soil, it will permeate downward, and may dissolve some of the soil matter, especially carbonate-based materials. Some acid will be neutralised, however significant amounts will remain for transport to groundwater.

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Waste Disposal** Wearing the protective equipment detailed above, neutralise to pH 6-8 by SLOW addition to a saturated sodium

bicarbonate solution or similar basic solution. Dilute with excess water and flush to drain. Waste disposal should

only be undertaken in a well ventilated area.

Legislation Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION



## CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE

**Shipping Name** PHOSPHORIC ACID

UN No. 1805 **DG Class** 8 Subsidiary Risk(s) None Allocated

**Packing Group** Ш **Hazchem Code** 2R **EPG** 8A1

**IATA** 

**Shipping Name** PHOSPHORIC ACID

UN No. 1805 **DG Class** 8 Subsidiary Risk(s) None Allocated

Ш **Packing Group** 

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**IMDG** 

Shipping Name PHOSPHORIC ACID

UN No. 1805 DG Class 8 Subsidiary Risk(s) None Allocated

Packing Group III

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Poison Schedule Classified as a Schedule 5 (S5) Poison using the criteria in the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Drugs and

Poisons (SUSDP).

AICS All chemicals listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).

#### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

# Additional Information

ACIDS: When mixing acids with water (diluting), caution must be taken as heat will be generated which causes violent spattering. Always add a small volume of acid to a large volume of water, NEVER the reverse.

RESPIRATORS: In general the use of respirators should be limited and engineering controls employed to avoid exposure. If respiratory equipment must be worn ensure correct respirator selection and training is undertaken. Remember that some respirators may be extremely uncomfortable when used for long periods. The use of air powered or air supplied respirators should be considered where prolonged or repeated use is necessary.

#### ABBREVIATIONS:

ADB - Air-Dry Basis.

BEI - Biological Exposure Indice(s)

CAS# - Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds.

CNS - Central Nervous System.

EINECS - European INventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances.

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer.

M - moles per litre, a unit of concentration.

mg/m3 - Milligrams per cubic metre.

NOS - Not Otherwise Specified.

NTP - National Toxicology Program.

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

pH - relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly alkaline).

ppm - Parts Per Million.

RTECS - Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances.

TWA/ES - Time Weighted Average or Exposure Standard.

## **HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:**

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a Chem Alert report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

## PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this Chem Alert report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

#### **Report Status**

This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer of the product and serves as the manufacturer's Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.

#### **Prepared By**

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## Product Name SUMA CALC D5

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> SDS Date: 08 Mar 2010 End of Report